<b>→</b> → →	[MEA]  Managerial Economics and Accountary  Imp Questions.  Unit-I  All topic are imp  Significance of Managerial Economics  Growth & Development  Nature & Scope of Managerial Economics
<b>→</b> → →	Unit-II  law of Demand (factors in Luencing, opposing)  Bemand analysis  Clastic analysis  Law o
- <del>)</del>	Production function and Breakeven analysis Markets & the monopoly Unit-IL
→ →	NPV & IRA and Profiability Problem  Meaning, features & Importance of  Capital budgerling  Working Capital
<i>y</i>	types of books &
	'final account (default account)  'Journal (defination)
	*

## Important Questions

### UNIT - I

1.	What is Managerial Economics? Explain the nature of managerial economics.
Ans	<i>;</i>
	Refer Unit-I, Q.No. 1
2.	Explain the scope of managerial economics.
Ans	
	Refer Unit-I, Q.No. 2
3	"Managerial Economics is perspective rather than descriptive". Discuss.
Ans	
To file	Refer Unit-I, Q.No. 3
	,
4.	How Managerial Economics is useful to engineers?
Ans	
	Refer Unit-I, Q.No. 5
5.	Examine the concept of Equi-Marginalism.
Aus	
	Refer Unit-I, Q.No. 8
6.	Define opportunity cost. Explain the importance of opportunity cost.
Ans	
7	Refer Unit-I, Q.No. 9
1	Write about the economies of risk and uncertainty.
Aus	
	Refer Unit-I, Q.No. 12

UNIT - II

2 EWEZIE

	1. Explain different types of demand.
	Aus:
	Refer Unit-II, Q.No. 5
	2. Explain the factors determining demand.
	Aus:
	Refer Unit-II, Q.No. 7
	3. Define law of Demand. What are the assumptions of law of demand?
-	Aus:
_	Refer Unit-II, Q.No. 8
4	
A	ms :
	Refer Unit-II, Q.No. 9
5.	
Ans	What is price elasticity of demand? Explain different types of price elasticity of Demand
7746	
_	Refer Unit-II, Q.No. 14
6.	Define Income elasticity of demand.
Aus	;
_	Refer Unit-II, Q.No. 17
7.	Explain the vert
Ans	Explain the various methods of Demand Forecasting.
	Refer to
	Refer Unit-II, Q.No. 25

	SEW SEW
MC	CA CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO
<b>7</b> .	Define market. Explain the features of market.
An	
	Refer Unit-III, Q.No. 27
<b>8</b> .	How price is determined under perfect competition?
An	
	Refer Unit-III, Q.No. 32
	UNIT - IV
1.	Explain different kinds of working capital.
4ns	
	Refer Unit-IV, Q.No. 2
	Explain the Significance of Working Capital.
tns	;
	Refer Unit-IV, Q.No. 3
	Explain the factors determining the Working Capital requirements.
ns.	
	Refer Unit-IV, Q.No. 5
	Explain the various sources of capital.
us .	
	Refer their Burgary
	Refer Unit-IV, Q.No. 7
•	Explain the Importance of Capital Budgeting.
tus	
	Refer Unit-IV, Q.No. 9
Rahu	Publications

<b>5</b> .	What is journal? Explain the objectives of journal?
Aus	
	Refer Unit-V, Q.No. 11
6.	Define ledger. Explain the advantages of ledger.
Ans	
	Refer Unit-V, Q.No. 13
7.	Define Subsidiary Books. Explain the reasons for maintaining Subsidiary Books.
Aus	

Refer Unit-V, Q.No. 16

8. What do you understand by Bank Reconciliation Statement?

Aus:

Refer Unit-V, Q.No. 27

## FACULTY OF INFORMATICS

#### M.C.A. I Year I Semester Examination

#### Model Paper - I

# MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND ACCOUNTANCY Max Marks 70

Time: 3 Hours

1.

7.

Answer all the questions according to the internal choice

Max. Marks  $(5 \times 14 = 70)$ 

Answers

(Unit-I, Q.No.1)

OR

What is Managerial Economics? Explain the nature of managerial economics.

What do you understand by marginalism? 2.

(Unit-I, Q.No.7)

Define law of Demand? What are the assumptions of law of demand. 3.

(Unit-II, Q.No.8)

OR

Explain the various methods of Demand Forecasting. 4.

(Unit-II, Q.No.25)

Define isoquant. Explain how isoquants are used to represent a production 5. function with two variable inputs.

(Unit-III, Q.No.7)

(b) Explain briefly about price-output determination under monopoly in the short-run market.

(Unit-III, Q.No.35)

OR

OR

6. "Firm plans in long run and operate in short-run". Explain. (a)

(Unit-III, Q.No.18)

Explain briefly about Break Even Analysis. (b)

(Unit-III, Q.No.19)

Explain the meaning of working capital.

(Unit-IV, Q.No.1)

Explain different kinds of working capital.

(Unit-IV, Q.No.2)

Calculate NPV for the given project. 8.

Year	0		1			
	U	1	2	3	4	5
(A) Cash flows	200	35	80	90	75	00
(B) Cash + Js	200	18	-	-	/5	20
The company	1200	10	10	10	40	35

The company anticipates the cost of capital of 12%. Rank the project according

(Unit-IV, Prob.6)

NVED MODEL PAPERS

What is journal? Explain the objectives of journal.

(Unit-V, Q.No.11)

What do you understand by double entry system? Discuss its features.

(Unit-V, Q.No.7)

OR

The following is the Trial Balance of M/s XYZ agencies as on 31" March, 1998. The following and Profit & Loss A/c for the year ended 31-3-1998 and a Balance Prepare Trading and Profit & Loss A/c for the year ended 31-3-1998 and a Balance Sheet as on that date;

Particulars	Dr. (₹)	Cr. (₹)
Capital	-	1,00,000
Drawings	18,000	-
Buildings	15,000	-
Furniture & Fittings	7,500	-
Motor Van	25,000	-
Loan from Hari @ 12% interest	_	15,000
Interest paid on above	900	-
Sales	_	1,00,000
Purchases	75,000	-
Opening stock	25,000	-
Establishment Expenses	15,000	-85
Wages	2,000	-
Insurance	1,000	- ,
Commission received	_	4,500
Sundry Debtors	28,100	
Bank balance	20,000	-
Sundry Creditors	-	10,000
Interest	_	3,000
	2,32,500	2,32,500

ð

#### Adjustments

- (a) The value of stock on 31.03.1998 was ₹ 32,000
- (b) Outstanding Wages ₹ 500
- (c) Prepaid Insurance ₹ 300
- (d) Commission received in advance ₹ 1300
- (e) Allow Interest on Capital @ 10%
- (f) Depreciate Buildings @ 5%, Furniture & Fittings @ 10% & Motor van @ 10%
- (g) Charge Interest on Drawings ₹ 500.

(Unit-V, Prob.21)

WE MODEL PAPERS AND ACCOUNTANCY

## FACULTY OF INFORMATICS

M.C.A. I Year I Semester Examination

Model Paper - II

# MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND ACCOUNTANCY

3 Hours

Demand?

Answer all the questions according to the internal choice

Max. Marks  $(5 \times 14 = 70)$ 

 $_{\text{Define}}$  opportunity cost. Explain the importance of opportunity cost.

Answers

Max. Marks: 70

(Unit-I, Q.No.9)

Explain the scope of managerial economics.

(Unit-I, Q.No.2)

 $_{\text{What is price}}$  elasticity of demand? Explain different types of price elasticity of

(Unit-II, Q.No.14)

OR

Explain the factors determining demand.

(Unit-II, Q.No.7)

The sales turn over and profit of a company during two-years was as follows.

	Sales (in Rs.)	Profit (Rs.)
1991	1,50,000	20,000
1992	1,70,000	25,000

You are required to calculate (a) P/V Ratio (b) Break even point (c) sales required to earn a profit of Rs. 40,000 (d) the profit made when sales are Rs. 2,50,000 (e) margin of safety at a profit of Rs. 50,000 (f) variable costs of two-periods.

(Unit-III, Prob.3)

OR

(a) What is Perfect Competition Market? Explain the characteristics of Perfect

(Unit-III, Q.No.31)

Competition Market.

(Unit-III, Q.No.31)

(b) How price is determined under perfect competition? (a) Define Profitability Index. How is it calculated? State the merits and demerits

(Unit-IV, Q.No.16)

(b) Define Payback Period. What are the advantages and disadvantages of Payback Period?

(Unit-IV, Q.No.11)

OR

Determine the working required to finance a level of activity of 1,80,000 units of 8. <sup>out</sup>put for a year. The cost structure is as under :

Particulars	Cost per unit
	(Rs.)
Raw Materials	20
Direct Labour	5
Overheads (including depreciation of Rs. 5)	15
Total cost	40
Profit	10
Selling Price	50

#### Additional Information:

- Minimum desired cash balance is Rs. 20,000
- Raw materials are held in stock, on an average, for 2 months
- > Work-in-progress (assume 50 per cent completion stage) will approximate to half-a-month
- Finished goods remain in warehouse, on an average for a month
- Suppliers for materials extend a month's credit and debtors are provided 2 months credit. The cash sales are 25 per cent of total sales
- > There is a time lag in payment of wages for a month and half-a-month in the case of overheads.

(Unit-IV, Prob.2)

(Unit-V, Q.No.2)

- (a) What are the Functions of Accounting.
  - (b) Define Subsidiary Books. Explain the reasons for maintaining Subsidiary Books.

(Unit-V, Q.No.16)

OR

 You are given Trading and Profit & Loss Account of Mahesh Company limited for the year ended 31st December 1992.

#### Trading and Profit & Loss Account

Dr.

	Particulars		,	Cr.	
	To Opening Stock	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.	1
	To Purchases	30,000	By Net Sales	1,10,000	
	To Wage:	60,000	By Closing Stock	20,000	
		10,000		20,000	
	To Gross Profit (c/d)	30,000			
L	1,30,000		1,30,000		
_					

To Administrative Expenses	10,000	By Gross Profit (b/d)	30,000
To Selling & Distribution Expenses	5,000	By Sundry Receipt	5,000
To Net Profit	20,000		
,	35,000	1	35,000

### Calculate

- 1. Gross Profit Ratio
- 2. Net Profit Ratio
- 3. Operating Ratio
- 4. Operating Profit Ratio

(Unit-V, Prob.23)

#### FACULTY OF INFORMATICS

#### M.C.A. I Year I Semester Examination

Model Paper - III

# MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND ACCOUNTANCY

Time 3 Hours

Max. Marks

Answer all the questions according to the internal choice

Max. Marks  $(5 \times 14 = 70)$ 

How Managerial Economics is useful to engineers?

OR

- 2. Write about the economies of risk and uncertainty.
  - (b) Explain the concept of profit.

(Unit-I, Q.No.12) (Unit-I, Q.No.13)

(Unit-I, Q.No.5)

What are the differences between Income elasticity of demand and cross elasticity of 3

demand?

(Unit-II, Q.No.20)

OR

- (a) What do you understand by law of supply? Explain the assumptions and 4. exceptions of law of supply.
  - Explain the concept of Equilibrium price.
- 5 What are the three different stages of law of variable proportions?
  - Define production function? (b)

(Unit-II, Q.No.30)

(Unit-II, Q.No.31)

(Unit-III, Q.No.5)

(Unit-III, Q.No.1)

OR

- 6. From the following data, calculate
  - a) BEP Expressed in amount of sale in rupees.
  - b) No. of units that must be sold to earn a profit of Rs. 60,000 per year.

Sale price Rs. 20 per unit

Variable manufacturing cost

Rs. 11 per unit

Variable selling costs

Rs. 3 per unit

Fixed factory over head

Rs. 5,40,000 per year

Fixed selling cost

Rs. 2,52,000 per year.

(Unit-III. Prob.2)

WED MODEL PAPERS

Explain the factors determining the Working Capital requirements?

(Unit-IV, Q.No.5)

Explain the proforma of working capital.

(Unit-IV, Q.No.6)

phoenix Company is considering two mutually exclusive investments. Project P and phoenix The expected cash flows of these projects in millions of the millions phoenix Competed cash flows of these projects in millions of rupees are as project Q. The expected cash flows of these projects in millions of rupees are as

Year	Project P	Project Q
0	(1000)	(1600)
1	(1000)	200
2	(500)	400
3	(250)	600
4	2000	800
5	4000	200

- (a) What is the IRR for each project?
- (b) Which project would you choose if the cost of capital is (i) 10%? (ii) 20%?

(Unit-IV, Prob.8)

(a) What is Ratio Analysis? What are the objectives of ratio analysis?

(Unit-V, Q.No.43)

(b) What are the Limitations of Ratio Analysis?

(Unit-V, Q.No.44)

OR

Make out the Three Column Cash Book of Ram from the following particulars :

2015

10.

April

- Cash in Hand ₹ 3,000 1
- Bank Overdraft ₹ 4,500 1
- Paid Salaries ₹ 2,500 2
- Purchased goods for Cash ₹ 3,000 3
- Cash Sales of ₹ 16,000 4
- Issued cheque in favour of Krishna (Discount Received ₹ 300) ₹ 2,600 5
- Received cash from Dhawan (Discount Allowed ₹ 150) ₹ 2350 6

- Received cheque from Ali Bro (in Full settlement and their debt ₹ 2000)
  ₹ 1900
- 8 Purchased Furniture ₹ 1,500
- 9 Cash sent to Bank ₹ 2,000
- 10 Cheque of Ali Bro. dishonoured
- 11 Bank Charges ₹ 20
- 12 Rent paid by cheque ₹ 1000.

(Unit-V, Prob

#### FACULTY OF INFORMATICS

M.C.A (CBCS) I - Semester Examination August - 2021

### MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS & ACCOUNTANCY

Time : 7 Hours

[Max Marks

#### PART - A - $(4 \times 17^{1/2} = 70 \text{ Marks})$

Note: Answer any four Questions.

- 1. (a) Tell about the nature of managerial economics in business.
  - (b) Write a note on profits and case study method
- (a) State the Fundamental concepts of managerial economics in decision making.
  - (b) Distinguish between Risk and Uncertainty.
- What is Law of Demand? Explain with the help of a diagram and also its exceptions.
- 4. (a) Explain the methods of measuring elasticity of demand.
  - (b) What is the significance of income and price elasticity of demand?
- Explain how price and output is determined under perfect competition both in the short run and Long run.
- 6. Why do the Short-Run Cost curve is U-shaped? Explain with suitable diagram.
- A project involves initial outlay of Rs.1,80,000. Its working life is expected to be 4 years. The cash
  inflows are likely to be as follows:

Year	Cash inflows (Rs.)	
1	1,64,000	
2	2,56,000 3,24,000	
3		
4	3,60,000	

#### Compute the IRR.

- What are the determinants of working capital? Explain.
- From the following trial balance of Sharan, prepare trading and profit and loss account for the year
  ending 31\* December, 2017 and balance sheet as on that date. The closing stock on 31\*, December
  2017 was valued at Rs. 2.50.000.

#### PREVIOUS QUESTION PAPERS

Palance	Rs.	Credit Balances	Rs.
Debit Balance Stock (1-1-2017)	2,00,000	Sundry Creditors	12,000
Stock (121 2	7,50,000	Purchases returns	30,000
<sub>Purchases</sub> <sub>Carriage</sub> Inwards	75,000	Sales	10,20,000
	3,65,000	Commission received	53,000
Wages	1,20,000	Capital	33,00,000
Salaries	12,000		
Repairs Taxes	2,80,000		
Rent and Taxes	97,000		
Cash in Hand	21,50,000		*
Land	1,66,000		
Drawings	2,00,000		
Bank Deposits	44,15,000		44,15,000

<sup>10.</sup> What are subsidiary books? Explain with formats and suitable example.